

## Quadratic Application – Projectile Motion

A soccer ball is kicked up in the air. Its height can be modelled by the equation

$$h = -5(t - 0)(t - 6)$$

a) What is the height of the soccer ball 2 seconds after it is kicked?

b) What are the t-intercepts?

c) Expand the equation to represent it in standard form.

d) What is the h-intercept?

e) Determine the vertex.

f) Create a sketch to represent the relationship between the height of the soccer ball with respect to time.

g) What is the maximum height reached by the soccer ball and how long did it take to reach that height?

h) For what length of time was the soccer ball airborne?

