

Exponential Relationships

Determine if each relationship is linear, quadratic, exponential or neither.

a)

x	y	1st diff.
3	22	-3
5	19	-3
7	16	-3
9	13	-3
11	10	-3

The 1st diff. in y are constant.
∴ Linear

b)

x	y	1st diff.	2nd diff.
-5	2	1	2
-3	3	3	2
-1	6	5	2
1	11	7	
3	18		

The 2nd diff. in y are constant.
∴ Quadratic

c)

x	y	1st diff.	ratios
8	3	2	$\frac{4}{2} = 2$
5	5	4	> 2
2	9	8	> 2
-1	17	16	> 2
-4	33		

The ratio of 1st diff. in y are constant.
∴ Exponential

Solving Simple Exponential Equations

Use a variety of techniques to solve the following equations.

a) $2^x = 32$

$$2^x = 2^5$$

$$x = 5$$

b) $8^{x+3} = 4^x$

$$(2^3)^{x+3} = (2^2)^x$$

$$2^{3x+9} = 2^{2x}$$

$$3x+9 = 2x$$

$$3x-2x = -9$$

$$x = -9$$

c) $243^{x-1} = 27^{x+3}$

$$(3^5)^{x-1} = (3^3)^{x+3}$$

$$3^{5x-5} = 3^{3x+9}$$

$$5x-5 = 3x+9$$

$$5x-3x = 9+5$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{14}{2} \rightarrow x = 7$$

d) $2^{2x} - 7(2^x) - 8 = 0$

$$(2^x)^2 - 7(2^x) - 8 = 0$$

Let $n = 2^x$

$$n^2 - 7n - 8 = 0$$

$$(n-8)(n+1) = 0$$

$$n = 8 \text{ or } n = -1$$

$$2^x = 8$$

$$2^x = -1$$

$$2^x = 2^3$$

$$x = 3$$

No Solⁿ

e) $3^{2x} - 81 = 0$

$$3^{2x} = 81$$

$$3^{2x} = 3^4$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{4}{2}$$

$$x = 2$$

f) $3^x = 17$

$$3^2 = 9 \text{ and } 3^3 = 27$$

$$\text{so } 2 < x < 3$$

Trial and error...

$$3^{2.5} \approx 15.6$$

$$3^{2.8} \approx 21.7$$

$$x \approx 2.58$$



Logarithms (Extension)

The $\log(x)$ determines the exponent that needs to be put on a base of '10' to make it equal to x .

Example 1

Evaluate each logarithm.

a) $\log(100)$ $10^? = 100$
 $= 2$

b) $\log(1000)$
 $= 3$

$10^? = 1000$

c) $\log(500)$ $10^? = 500$
 ≈ 2.70

d) $\log(0.01)$
 $= -2$

$10^? = 0.01$
 $10^? = \frac{1}{100}$

There are three rules that can be applied to logarithms:

Product Rule: $\log(AB) = \log(A) + \log(B)$

Quotient Rule: $\log\left(\frac{A}{B}\right) = \log(A) - \log(B)$

* Power Rule: $\log(A^n) = n\log(A)$

Example 2

Solve the following exponential equations using logarithms.

a) $2^x = 32$
 $\log 2^x = \log 32$
 $x \log 2 = \log 32$
 $\frac{x \log 2}{\log 2} = \frac{\log 32}{\log 2}$
 $x = 5$

b) $3^x = 17$
 $\log 3^x = \log 17$
 $x \log 3 = \log 17$
 $\frac{x \log 3}{\log 3} = \frac{\log 17}{\log 3}$
 $x \approx 2.58$

c) $2(3)^x = 100$
 $\frac{2(3)^x}{2} = \frac{100}{2}$
 $3^x = 50$
 $\log 3^x = \log 50$
 $x \log 3 = \log 50$
 $\frac{x \log 3}{\log 3} = \frac{\log 50}{\log 3}$
 $x \approx 3.56$